1	CLOTHILDE V. HEWLETT		
2	Commissioner		
2	MARY ANN SMITH		
3	Deputy Commissioner		
4	SEAN ROONEY Assistant Chief Counsel		
	MARLOU de LUNA (State Bar No. 162259)		
5	Senior Counsel		
6	Department of Financial Protection and Innovation 320 W. 4th Street, Suite 750		
7	Los Angeles, CA 90013-2344		
8	(213) 503-3360		
9	Attorneys for Complainant		
10	DEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL PROTECTION AND DINOVATION		
11	BEFORE THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL PROTECTION AND INNOVATION		
12	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
13			
14	In the Matter of:  ) FILE NO.: 9632025		
	THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCIAL		
15	PROTECTION AND INNOVATION,		
16	<u> </u>		
17	Complainant, AMENDED ACCUSATION		
18	v. }		
	ý		
19	C. GULL ESCROW, INC.,		
20	C. GOLL ESCROW, INC.,		
21	Respondent.		
22	)		
23	The Complainant is informed and believes, and based upon such information and belief,		
24	alleges and charges Respondent as follows:		
25	I.		
26	Introduction		
27	The Commissioner of Financial Protection and Innovation (Commissioner or		
28	Complainant) seeks to revoke the escrow agent's license issued to C. Gull Escrow, Inc. (CGE or		

Respondent) based upon its violations of the California Escrow Law (Fin. Code, §§ 17000 et seq.) (Escrow Law), as set forth below.

II.

#### **Factual Background**

- 2. CGE, a California corporation, at all relevant times herein, is an escrow agent licensed by the Commissioner under the Escrow Law with its place of business located at 12514 South Street, Cerritos, California. Respondent received its escrow agent license from the Commissioner on December 16, 2003.
- 3. Frank J. Lynch IV (Lynch), at all relevant times herein, is CGE's president and chief financial officer.
- 4. CGE submitted a surrender license application on March 14, 2022. The Commissioner, through her staff, contacted CGE by phone and email, to request additional information including the closing audit required under Financial Code section 17600 (b).
- 5. In August 2022, Lynch claimed that CGE is no longer conducting business since he submitted the request to surrender the company's license in March 2022.
- 6. On September 15, 2022, CGE's accountant, Michael Haas (Haas), submitted the company's closing audit. The Commissioner, through her staff, reviewed the closing audit and deemed it unacceptable because CGE failed to: 1) disclose details of the accounting period the closing audit covered; 2) disclose the audit procedures applied to reach the conclusion "no funds were taken into the general account other than fees properly earned;" and 3) failed to explain two outgoing wires for \$425,500.00 and \$143,577.39 from CGE to Global Data Services, a company purportedly owned by Haas. These issues were brought to CGE and Haas. Specifically, on October 10, 2022, an email was sent to Lynch informing him of the Commissioner's concerns about the closing audit and requesting Lynch provide a response to the Commissioner. There was no response from Lynch. Thereafter, on January 18, 2023, Complainant sent CGE a 10-day demand to submit additional information concerning its closing audit. CGE was to submit its response within 10 days of the date of the demand. Haas provided an incomplete response to the 10-day demand on January 23, 2023. Thereafter, there has been no communication from CGE or Haas. To date, the issues related to the

closing audit remain unresolved. Accordingly, CGE's request to surrender its escrow agent license cannot be processed and its license remains in "inactive-pending surrender" status.

III.

#### **Violations of the Escrow Law**

#### A. Failure to Timely File the December 31, 2019, and 2020 Audit Reports

7. Pursuant to Financial Code section 17406, all licensees under the Escrow Law are required to file an annual audit report containing audited financial statements (annual audit report) within 105 days after the close of their fiscal year. CGE's fiscal year-end is December 31. CGE was 151 days late in filing its 2019 annual audit report and 21 days late in filing its 2020 annual audit report.

#### December 2019 Annual Audit Report

- 8. CGE was required to file its annual audit report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2019 (2019 annual audit report) on or before April 15, 2020. However, despite a 90-day extension, CGE's 2019 audit report was 151 days late from the date of the extension.
- 9. On April 30, 2020, the Complainant received a letter dated April 10, 2020 from Lynch by email requesting a 90-day extension to file its 2019 annual audit report. In light of the Covid-19 health crisis, the Complainant granted CGE an extension to June 15, 2020. The Complainant also warned CGE that it may be subject to penalty under Financial Code section 17408 if it fails to file the 2019 annual audit report by the extension date of June 15. In addition, CGE was also forewarned that its escrow agent license may be revoke or suspended pursuant to Financial Code section 17602.5 if it fails to file its 2019 annual audit report by the extension date. The Complainant did not receive CGE's 2019 audit report on June 15.
- 10. On June 23, 2020, the Commissioner, through her staff, issued a written demand (2019 written demand) to CGE to file its 2019 audit report within 10 dates from the date of the demand. Again, the Commissioner warned CGE of the potential penalty assessment and suspension or revocation of its escrow agent's license for its failure to file the required 2019 annual audit report. The 2019 written demand was emailed to CGE's designated email address.

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11. On June 26, 2020, the Complainant received a second request for extension from Lynch to submit CGE's 2019 annual audit report to August 15, 2020. The Complainant denied Respondent's request on July 1, 2020 and the same date, Lynch acknowledged receipt of the Complainant's response denying CGE's request for a second extension.

12. On December 4, 2020, the Complainant received CGE's 2019 annual audit report, 151 days late from the extended date of June 15, 2020.

## Penalty for failing to file the annual audit report on time.

13. The Commissioner is authorized to impose a penalty under Financial Code section 17408 for CGE's failure to file its 2019 annual audit report. As of December 4, 2020, the accrued penalty for the late filing of the 2019 annual audit report amounts to \$73,500.00, calculated as follows:

Date	Number of Days	Fines per Day	Fine Amount
7/6/20 - 7/10/20	5	\$100.00	\$500.00
7/11/20 – 12/3/20	146	\$500.00	\$73,000.00

## December 2020 Annual Audit Report.

- 14. CGE's 2020 annual audit report (2020 annual audit report) was due on April 15, 2021. In light of the company's failure to file its 2020 annual audit report, the Complainant issued a written demand on May 24 2021 to CGE requiring CGE to file the report by June 3, 2021. The Complainant's demand stated in part, "[i]f the Department does not receive your annual report within ten (10) days from the date of this letter, your company will be assessed a penalty for \$100 per day for the first five days the report is overdue, and thereafter, \$500 per day for each day the report is overdue pursuant to California Financial Code section 17408." The written demand was sent by email to CGE's designated email address, and Lynch confirmed receipt of the demand on May 25, 2021 and indicated that the 2020 annual audit report would be delivered shortly.
- 15. The 2020 annual audit report was received on June 25, 2021, 21 days after the expiration of the 10-day written demand. Pursuant to Financial Code section 17408, the Commissioner may impose a penalty for CGE's failure to file its 2020 annual audit report. As of June

25, 2021, CGE has accrued a penalty of \$8,500.00 for the late filing of its 2020 annual audit report, calculated as follows:

Date	Number of Days	Fines per Day	Fine Amount
6/4/21 - 6/8/21	5	\$100.00	\$500.00
6/9/21 - 6/24/21	16	\$500.00	\$8,000.00

## B. Failure to File December 31, 2021 Annual Audit Report

16. CGE failed to file its 2021 annual audit report due on or before April 15, 2022. The Commissioner issued a written demand on September 1, 2022 requiring CGE to file the report by September 15, 2022, 10 days from the date of the written demand. The Commissioner warned CGE of the potential penalty assessment and suspension or revocation of its escrow agent's license for its failure to file the required 2021 annual audit report. As with the previous years, this written demand was sent by email to CGE's designated email address.

### C. Failure to Maintain at All Times the Required Liquid Assets and Tangible Net Worth

17. Pursuant to Financial Code section 17210, all licensees under the Escrow Law are required to maintain at all times a tangible net worth of \$50,000.00, including liquid assets of at least \$25,000.00 in excess of current liabilities.

## Liquid Asset and Tangible Net Worth, 2019 Annual Audit Report.

- 18. CGE's 2019 annual audit report disclosed liquid asset deficiency of \$70,267.00 and tangible net worth deficiency of \$61,848.00.
- 19. On December 8, 2020, the Complainant notified CGE, in writing, to correct its liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies noted in the company's December 2019 annual audit report within 30 days. The Complainant also required CGE to provide the company's November 2020 financial statements and a bank letter to substantiate the amount of the Certificate Deposit (CD) reflected on the December 2019 audited financial statements. Moreover, the Complainant also warned CGE of the potential suspension or revocation of CGE's escrow license if it failed to provide proof of correction. A copy of the bank letter confirming the balance of the CD was provided by CGE's accountant on January 8, 2021. In addition, CGE provided a letter indicating CGE had

corrected the liquid asset deficiency as of December 31, 2020 and the 2020 reconciliation was to be completed by January 13, 2021. However, the November 2020 financial statements were not provided. The Complainant again asked for the November 2020 financial statements from CGE on December 8, 2020. CGE was required to provide said statements within a week. CGE failed to provide the November 2020 financial statements by the due date.

- 20. On January 18, 2021, Lynch informed the Complainant, by email, that he was meeting his accountant to complete CGE's 2020 accounting records. The following day, January 19, 2021, the Complainant, by email, requested Lynch provide 1) proof of cash infusion to correct the liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies noted in the 2019 annual audit report and 2) CGE's November 2020 financial statements.
- On January 25, 2021, Lynch responded to the Complainant that he was unable to have his accountant complete the company's 2020 accounting records, but Lynch indicated that there were two cash infusions into CGE. The first cash receipt came from All California Brokerage Inc. (ACBI), CGE's sole shareholder, for \$20,000, deposited on March 20, 2020, and the second infusion was a loan of \$23,000.00 under the Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) received in May 2020. Lynch also provided CGE's February and May 2020 general account bank statements to demonstrate the cash receipts. However, notwithstanding this receipt of funds, the liquid asset requirement of \$25,000.00 and tangible net worth of \$50,000.00 in excess of current liabilities were still deficient. The general account bank balance as of May 29, 2020 was only \$37,730.60.
- 22. On January 26, 2021, the Complainant issued a written demand to CGE informing the company that the deposits of \$20,000.00 and \$23,000.00 were insufficient to correct the liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies noted in the 2019 annual audit report. The Complainant again requested proof of sufficient deposits and the company's November 2020 financial statements be provided no later than February 5, 2021. The Complainant also warned CGE of the potential penalty assessment and suspension or revocation of its escrow license if CGE fails to provide the requested items no later than February 5, 2021. In its written response, CGE stated that an additional \$5,000.00 was received from ACBI and the intercompany receivable of \$134,000.00 from ABCI had been converted to a 5-year note. CGE also provided the April 2020 general account bank statement to

show the \$5,000.00 deposit. However, the \$5,000.00 deposit made in April 2020 was already reflected in the May 2020 bank account balance of \$37,730.60 previously provided. Thus, the net worth and liquid asset deficiencies have not been corrected.

- 23. On February 8, 2021, the Complainant responded to CGE stating that the May 2020 cash balance of \$37,730.60 was less than the sum of all three deposits of \$20,000.00, \$23,000.00, and \$5,000.00. It appeared that up to May 31, 2020, CGE was operating at a loss. The Complainant again demanded the November 2020 financial statements. In response, CGE provided only a balance sheet that showed "All Dates" and the November 30, 2020 general account bank statement, which showed a cash balance of \$21,980.02. However, it is uncertain whether the balance sheet date of the "All Dates" balance sheet was November 30, 2020, the balance sheet requested by the Complainant or February 8, 2021, the date the balance sheet was run and provided.
- 24. Based on the January 31, 2021 balance sheet provided, C. Gull Escrow still had liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies, calculated as follows:

## January 31, 2021 Balance Sheet

Liquid Assets	\$ 27,987.21	Gross Tangible Assets	\$ 51,359.04
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	\$ 35,514.43	Total Liabilities	\$ 58,514.43
Net Liquid Assets	(\$ 7,527.22)	Tangible Net Worth	(\$ 7,155.39)
Requirement	\$ 25,000.00	Requirement	\$ 50,000.00
Deficiency	<u>(\$ 32,527.22)</u>	Deficiency	(\$ 57,155.39)

# D. <u>Failure to File Financial Statements in Accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting</u> <u>Principles</u>

25. Pursuant to Financial Code section 17406, all reports and financial statements referred to in section 17406 shall be prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

#### November and December 2020 balance sheets were not prepared according to GAAP.

26. Complainant reviewed the "All Dates" balance sheet and determined that the balance sheet was not prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 305. The Commissioner found the following on CGE's balance sheet: the cash balance on the "All Dates" balance sheet was questionable, as the November

30, 2020 bank account balance was \$21,980.02, and yet the cash balance reflected on the balance sheet was \$22,945.83, which was higher than the cash balance in the bank. Also, the balance sheet reflected a cash adjustment of \$4,750.00; an uncategorized asset of \$1,344.51; accumulative deficit of \$516,492.06; and a net income of \$480,939.06. Moreover, the "All Dates" balance sheet showed that CGE still had a tangible net worth deficiency of \$21,247.66. The Complainant informed CGE that the balance sheet provided was not acceptable and advised CGE to seek help from an accountant or a certified public accountant and demanded CGE's November 2020 income statement.

27. On March 5, 2021, CGE provided a revised November 2020 balance sheet and the "November 2020" Profit and Loss (P&L) statement. CGE also submitted the December 2020 balance sheet, P&L statement, and general account bank statement. However, the general account bank reconciliations for both November and December 2020 were not provided. The November and December 2020 balance sheet provided by CGE were in fact the general ledger details. It appears that the "financial statements" were again not prepared according to GAAP. The improper classifications of some of the items to the cash account in both November and December 2020 balance sheet included the following: a cash adjustment of \$4,750.00, and an adjustment of \$504.38 to "Christine's Pay"; the tangible asset in the December 2020 "balance sheet" also included an uncategorized asset of negative \$155.49; and the retained earnings had been adjusted to a negative \$22,596.02, but this amount was still off from the retained earnings amount of \$22,018.00 reported in CGE's December 31, 2019 annual audit report.

#### 2020 and 2021 P&L Statements.

28. CGE provided two P&L statements: P&L for January through December 2020 and the other one for January 1 to March 5, 2021 with the file name "Profit and Loss as of 11-30-20". It appears the wrong accounting period was prepared for the November 2020 P&L statement. The P&L statement for January through December 2020 revealed a net loss of \$14,346.84, but it was uncertain whether the company's expenses had been properly recorded and accrued. The P&L statement for January 1 to March 5, 2021 reflected a net loss of \$15,861.09.

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#### November and December 2020 Balance Sheets.

- 29. After reviewing the November and December 2020 balance sheets, the Complainant informed CGE that CGE's "financial statements" contained many errors and were not acceptable. The Complainant requested the latest financial statements for January 2021, to be provided by March 22, 2021. Again, CGE was warned that failure to provide proof of correction of the liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies noted would subject CGE to administrative action. CGE informed the Complainant on March 12, 2021 that its accountant was unable to complete the reconciliation due to "technical and timing issues."
- 30. Based on the November and December 2020 balance sheets or general ledger details provided, it appears that CGE was still operating at a loss and had liquid asset and tangible net worth deficiencies as follows:

## November 30, 2020 Balance Sheet.

Liquid Assets	\$ 33,495.37	Gross Tangible Assets	\$ 56,867.20
<b>Current Liabilities</b>	\$ 32,664.58	Total Liabilities	\$ 55,664.58
Net Liquid Assets	\$ 830.79	Tangible Net Worth	\$ 1,202.62
Requirement	\$ 25,000.00	Requirement	\$ 50,000.00
Deficiency	<u>(\$ 24,169.21)</u>	Deficiency	(\$ 48,797.38)

#### December 31, 2020 Balance Sheet

Liquid Assets	\$ 52,897.99	Gross Tangible Assets	\$ 76,269.82
Current Liabilities	\$ 31,708.51	Total Liabilities	\$ 54,708.51
Net Liquid Assets	\$ 21,189.48	Tangible Net Worth	\$ 21,561.31
Requirement	\$ 25,000.00	Requirement	\$ 50,000.00
Deficiency	<u>(\$ 3,810.52)</u>	Deficiency	(\$ 28,438.69)

31. By March 17, 2021, the required financial statements for November and December 2020 still had not been revised, but CGE provided: 1) the balance sheet dated January 31, 2021. While the cash balance shown on the balance sheet was \$2,987.21, the registered cash balance was \$4,737.20 according to the January 31, 2021 general account bank reconciliation prepared by CGE's accountant on March 16, 2021; 2) January 31, 2021 general account bank statement and reconciliation; 3) a partial on-line general account bank statement for March 2021; and 4) P&L

statement covering the accounting period of January and February 2021. It appears that the wrong accounting period was prepared for the January 2021 P&L statement.

- 32. The Complainant determined that the January 31, 2021 financial statements submitted on March 17, 2021 were again not prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 33. CGE has failed to provide proper financial statements to enable the Complainant to make an accurate assessment of the company's financial condition.
- 34. On March 18, 2022, the Complainant made another request via email for the proper financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP for November 2020 through January 2021. However, to date, all the unaudited "financial statements" provided to the Complainant were either general ledgers or have not been properly prepared in accordance with GAAP.

#### III.

## **Applicable Law**

- 35. Financial Code section 17210, subdivision (a), provides as follows:
  - (a) An escrow agent licensed on or after January 1, 1986, shall maintain at all times a tangible net worth of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000), including liquid assets of at least twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) in excess of current liabilities.
- 36. Financial Code section 17406 provides in pertinent part as follows:
  - (a) Each licensee shall submit to the commissioner, at the licensee's own expense, an audit report containing audited financial statements covering the calendar year or, if the licensee has an established fiscal year, then for that fiscal year, within 105 days after the close of the calendar or fiscal year, as applicable. At that time, each licensee shall also file additional relevant information as the commissioner may require.

. . .

(d) The reports and financial statements referred to in subdivisions (a) and (b) shall include at least a balance sheet and a statement of income for the year ended on the balance sheet date together with other relevant information as the commissioner may require. The reports and financial statements referred to in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c) shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and shall be accompanied by a report, certificate, or opinion of, an

1	independent certified public accountant or independent public
2	accountant. The audits shall be conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the rules of the commissioner.
3	(e) A licensee shall make other special reports to the commissione
4	(e) A licensee shall make other special reports to the commissione as the commissioner may from time to time require.
5	(f) For good cause and upon written request, the commissioner

- (f) For good cause and upon written request, the commissioner may extend the time for compliance with subdivisions (a) and (b).
- (g) A licensee shall, when requested by the commissioner, submit its unaudited financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and consisting of at least a balance sheet and statement of income and expense as of the date and for the period specified by the commissioner. The commissioner may require the submission of these reports on a monthly or other periodic basis.

. . .

- (i) The commissioner may reject any financial statement, report, certificate, or opinion by notifying the licensee or other person required to make the filing of its rejection and the cause of the rejection. Within 30 days after the receipt of the notice, the licensee or other person shall correct the deficiency and the failure so to do shall be deemed a violation of this division. The commissioner shall retain a copy of all rejected filings.
- (j) The commissioner may make rules specifying the form and content of the reports and financial statements referred to in this section, and may require that those reports and financial statements be verified by the licensee in the manner as he or she may prescribe.
- (k) Upon completion of the reports and financial statements referred to in subdivisions (a), (b), and (c), the independent accountant shall submit to the commissioner complete copies of the reports and financial statements at the same time that copies of the reports and financial statements are submitted to the licensee.
- 37. Financial Code section 17408, subdivisions (b)-(e), provides as follows:
  - (b) The commissioner may impose, by order, a penalty on any person who fails, within the time specified in any written demand of the commissioner, (1) to make and file with the commissioner any report required by law or requested by the commissioner, or (2) to furnish any material information required by the commissioner to be included in the report. The amount of the penalty may not exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) for each day for the first five days the report or

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information is overdue, and thereafter may not exceed five hundred dollars (\$500) for each day the report or information is overdue.
(c) If, after an order has been made under subdivision (b), a request for hearing is filed in writing within 30 days of the date of service of the order by the person to whom the order was directed, a hearing shall
be held in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the commissioner shall have all the

- (d) If the person fails to file a written request for a hearing within 30 days of the date of service of the order, the order imposing the penalty shall be deemed a final order of the commissioner, and the penalty shall be paid within five business days.
- (e) If a hearing is requested, the penalty shall be paid within five business days after the effective date of any decision in the case ordering payment to be made.
- 38. Financial Code section 17600 provides as follows:

powers granted under that chapter.

- (a) An escrow agent's license remains in effect until surrendered, revoked, or suspended.
- (b) A licensee that ceases to engage in the business regulated by this division and desires to no longer be licensed shall notify the commissioner in writing and, at that time, tender the license and all other indicia of licensure to the commissioner. Within 105 days of the written notice to the commissioner, the licensee shall submit to the commissioner, at its own expense, a closing audit report as of the date the license is tendered to the commissioner for surrender, or for another period as the commissioner may specify, to be performed by an independent certified public accountant. The closing audit shall include, but not be limited to, information required by the commissioner, a bank reconciliation of the trust account, and a verified statement from a certified public accountant confirming lawful disbursement of funds. A license is not surrendered until the commissioner has reviewed and accepted the closing audit report, a determination has been made by the commissioner that acceptance of the surrender is in the public interest, and tender of the license is accepted in writing by the commissioner.
- 39. Financial Code section 17602.5 provides as follows:

If any licensed escrow agent fails to make any reports required by law or by the commissioner within ten (10) days from the day designated for the making of the reports, or within any extension of time granted by the commissioner, or fails to include therein any matter required by

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3	40.	Financial Code section 17608 provides in pertinent part as follows:
4		The commissioner may, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to be heard, suspend or revoke any license if he finds that:
<ul><li>5</li><li>6</li></ul>		(a) The licensee has failed to maintain in effect a bond required under the provisions of this division.
7		(b) The licensee has violated any provision of this division or any rule made by the commissioner under and within the authority of this
8		division.
9		IV.
10		PRAYER FOR ORDER IMPOSING PENALTIES PURSUANT TO
11		FINANCIAL CODE SECTION 17408
12	41.	The Commissioner finds that, by reason of the foregoing, C. Gull Escrow, Inc. has
13	failed to file	its annual audit report timely for its fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020, as
14	was required	under Financial Code section 17406, which is ground for the imposition of penalties
15	under Financ	ial Code section 17408.
16	NOW	THEREFORE the Commissioner having found that C. Gull Escrow, Inc. failed to
17	timely file its	annual audit report for its fiscal years ended December 31, 2019 and 2020, as required
18	by Financial	Code section 17406, it is hereby ordered, pursuant to Financial Code section 17408, tha
19	C. Gull Escre	ow, pay the Commissioner the sum of \$82,000.00.
20		V.
21		PRAYER FOR ORDER REVOKING C. GULL ESCROW, INC.'S ESCROW
22	AG	ENT'S LICENCE PURSUANT TO FINANCIAL CODE SECTION 17608
23	The C	Commissioner finds that, by reason of the foregoing, C. Gull Escrow, Inc. has violated
24	Financial Co	des sections 17210 and 17406 which constitutes grounds for the revocation of its escrow
25	agent's licens	se under sections 17602.5 and 17608 of the Escrow Law.
26	///	
27	///	
28	///	

law or by the commissioner, such failure shall constitute grounds for the suspension or revocation of the license held by such escrow agent.

1	WHEREFORE, IT IS PRAYED under sections 17602.5 and 17608 of the Escrow Law, that	
2	the escrow agent's license of C. Gull Escrow, Inc. be revoked.	
3	Dated: December 11, 2023 Los Angeles, California	CLOTHILDE V. HEWLETT
4	Los Angeles, Camornia	Commissioner of Financial Protection and Innovation
5	5	D.
6	6	By MARLOU de LUNA
7	7	Senior Counsel Enforcement Division
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AMENDED ACCUSATION